



**Shri Shankaracharya Institute of Professional Management & Technology**

**Department of Computer Science & Engineering**

Class Test – I Session – July – Dec 2021 Month - November

**Semester – CSE III (A, B & C) Subject – Mathematics III Code – B000311(014)**

Time Allowed: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 40

Note: Part (A) is compulsory and attempt any two parts from B, C & D.

| Q. N.          | Questions   | Marks | Level of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |
|----------------|---|-------|---------------------------|-----|
| <b>Unit IV</b> |   |       |                           |     |
| A.             | Write relation of shift operator $E$ with $\Delta, \nabla, \delta$ & $\mu$ .  | [4]   | Remember                  | CO4 |
| B.             | (i) Apply Newton's forward interpolation formula to find $f(1.5)$ , correct upto 3 places of decimal. (ii) Obtain the interpolating polynomial $f(x)$ by applying Newton's backward interpolation satisfying the data:<br>$\begin{matrix} x & : & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ f(x) & : & 26 & 18 & 4 & 1 \end{matrix}$       | [8]   | Applying                  | CO4 |
| C.             | Find $\tan 14^\circ$ using Stirling's & $\tan 17^\circ$ by Bessel's formula.<br>$\begin{matrix} x^\circ & : & 0 & 5 & 10 & 15 & 20 & 25 & 30 \\ \tan x^\circ & : & 0.00 & 0.0875 & 0.1763 & 0.2679 & 0.3640 & 0.4663 & 0.5774 \end{matrix}$   | [8]   | Applying                  | CO4 |
| D.             | (i) Apply Lagrange's interpolation formula to find interpolating polynomial $f(x)$ satisfying the following data. (ii) Compute $f(0)$ correct up to 3 places of decimals, by applying Newton's Divide difference formula.<br>$\begin{matrix} x & : & -2 & -1 & 2 & 3 \\ f(x) & : & -12 & -8 & 3 & 5 \end{matrix}$ | [8]   | Applying                  | CO4 |
| <b>Unit V</b>  |   |       |                           |     |
| A.             | Apply Euler's method and compute $y(0.4)$ correct up to 4 places of decimals for $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{1+x}$ , $y(0) = 2$ , consider $h = 0.1$ .  | [4]   | Understanding             | CO5 |
| B.             | Apply Taylor series method to obtain $y(1.1)$ , correct upto 4 places of decimal for the equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot \sqrt[3]{y}$ , $y(1) = 1$ .  | [8]   | Applying                  | CO5 |
| C.             | Apply RK method of fourth order to compute $y(0.2)$ , by assuming $h = 0.1$ for the equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + y + xy^2 = 0$ , $y(0) = 1$ , correct upto four decimal places.  | [8]   | Applying                  | CO5 |
| D.             | Apply Milne's predictor corrector method for the equation $2\frac{dy}{dx} = (1+x^2)y^2$ to obtain $y(0.4)$ , correct upto 4 decimal places. It is given $y(0.1) = 1.06$ , $y(0.2) = 1.12$ and $y(0.3) = 1.21$ .   | [8]   | Applying                  | CO5 |



Shri Shankaracharya Institute of Professional Management & Technology

Department of Computer Science & Engineering  
Class Test – I Session- July – Dec, 2021 Month-Nov

Sem- CSE 3<sup>rd</sup> (A,B&C)

Subject-Principles of Programming Languages

Code-B022313(022)

Time Allowed: 2 hrs

Max Marks: 40

Note: - All questions from PART I and PART II. Each question of PART I carries 2 Marks and 8 marks for PART II.

| Q.N     | Questions   | Marks | Levels of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |
|---------|---|-------|----------------------------|-----|
| PART I  |   |       |                            |     |
| A.      | What is "Encapsulation"?  | [2]   | Understanding              | CO4 |
| B.      | What are the core OOP's Concepts?   | [2]   | Understanding              | CO4 |
| C.      | Difference between Pointer and Reference variable ? explain with Example. | [2]   | Analysis                   | CO4 |
| D.      | Difference between Constructor and Destructor?                            | [2]   | Analysis                   | CO5 |
| PART II |   |       |                            |     |
| A.      | What is Dynamic Memory Allocation ? write a C++ Program for the same.     | [8]   | Applying                   | CO4 |
| B.      | Explain Nested Class with suitable example.                               | [8]   | Applying                   | CO4 |
| C.      | Explain with neat diagram the compilation Process in C++                  | [8]   | Understanding              | CO4 |
| D.      | Write a Program in C++ to demonstrate the use of Operator Overloading.    | [8]   | Applying                   | CO5 |



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| PART I  |   |       |                            |     |
| A.      | What is "Encapsulation"?  | [2]   | Understanding              | CO4 |
| B.      | What are the core OOP's Concepts?   | [2]   | Understanding              | CO4 |
| C.      | Difference between Pointer and Reference variable ? explain with Example. | [2]   | Analysis                   | CO4 |
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| PART II |   |       |                            |     |
| A.      | What is Dynamic Memory Allocation ? write a C++ Program for the same.     | [8]   | Applying                   | CO4 |
| B.      | Explain Nested Class with suitable example.                               | [8]   | Applying                   | CO4 |
| C.      | Explain with neat diagram the compilation Process in C++                  | [8]   | Understanding              | CO4 |
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Shri Shankaracharya Institute of Professional Management & Technology

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

Class Test – I Session- July-Dec, 2021 Month- November

Sem- CSE 3<sup>rd</sup> [A, B & C] Subject- Data Structure & Algorithms Code- B022312(022)

Time Allowed: 2 hrs

Max Marks: 40

Note: - Solve All questions from PART I and PART 2. Each question of PART I carries 2 Marks and 8 marks for PART 2

| Q.N.           | Questions   | Marks | Levels of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |
|----------------|---|-------|----------------------------|-----|
| <b>PART I</b>  |   |       |                            |     |
| Q1             | What would be the asymptotic time complexity to add a node at the end of singly linked list, if the pointer is initially pointing to the head of the list?<br>a) O(1)                      b) O(n)<br>c) $\theta(n)$ d) $\theta(1)$ | [2]   | Understand                 | CO1 |
| Q2             | What is the time complexity of pop() operation when the stack is implemented using an array?<br>a) O(1)                      b) O(n)<br>c) O(logn)                      d) O(nlogn)   | [2]   | Understand                 | CO2 |
| Q3             | While evaluating a prefix expression, the string is read from?<br>a) left to right                      b) right to left<br>c) center to right                      d) center to left to right                                      | [2]   | Understand                 | CO2 |
| Q4             | What is the time complexity of an infix to postfix conversion algorithm?<br>a) O(N log N)                      b) O(N)<br>c) O(N <sup>2</sup> )                      d) O(M log N)  | [2]   | Understand                 | CO2 |
| <b>PART II</b> |   |       |                            |     |
| Q1             | Illustrate Asymptotic Notations: Bigoh, Omega and Theta with proper example.  | [8]   | Applying                   | CO1 |
| Q2             | Write an algorithm to insert a node after a specific node of the Linked list  | [8]   | Applying                   | CO2 |
| Q3             | Design a C Program to create a linked list  | [8]   | Applying                   | CO2 |
| Q4             | Define polish notation. Convert the following infix expression to postfix expression using stack.<br>((A+B)/D)^((E-F)*G)  | [8]   | Applying                   | CO2 |



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Class Test – I Session- July-Dec, 2021 Month- November

Sem- CSE 3<sup>rd</sup> [A, B & C] Subject- Data Structure & Algorithms Code- B022312(022)

Time Allowed: 2 hrs

Max Marks: 40

Note: - Solve All questions from PART I and PART 2. Each question of PART I carries 2 Marks and 8 marks for PART 2

| Q.N.           | Questions   | Marks | Levels of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |
|----------------|---|-------|----------------------------|-----|
| <b>PART I</b>  |   |       |                            |     |
| Q1             | What would be the asymptotic time complexity to add a node at the end of singly linked list, if the pointer is initially pointing to the head of the list?<br>a) O(1)                      b) O(n)<br>c) $\theta(n)$ d) $\theta(1)$ | [2]   | Understand                 | CO1 |
| Q2             | What is the time complexity of pop() operation when the stack is implemented using an array?<br>a) O(1)                      b) O(n)<br>c) O(logn)                      d) O(nlogn)   | [2]   | Understand                 | CO2 |
| Q3             | While evaluating a prefix expression, the string is read from?<br>a) left to right                      b) right to left<br>c) center to right                      d) center to left to right                                      | [2]   | Understand                 | CO2 |
| Q4             | What is the time complexity of an infix to postfix conversion algorithm?<br>a) O(N log N)                      b) O(N)<br>c) O(N <sup>2</sup> )                      d) O(M log N)  | [2]   | Understand                 | CO2 |
| <b>PART II</b> |   |       |                            |     |
| Q1             | Illustrate Asymptotic Notations: Bigoh, Omega and Theta with proper example.  | [8]   | Applying                   | CO1 |
| Q2             | Write an algorithm to insert a node after a specific node of the Linked list  | [8]   | Applying                   | CO2 |
| Q3             | Design a C Program to create a linked list  | [8]   | Applying                   | CO2 |
| Q4             | Define polish notation. Convert the following infix expression to postfix expression using stack.<br>((A+B)/D)^((E-F)*G)  | [8]   | Applying                   | CO2 |



Shri Shankaracharya Institute of Professional Management & Technology

Department of Computer Science & Engineering  
Class Test - I Session- July - Dec, 2021 Month -Nov

Sem- CSE 3<sup>rd</sup> [B] Subject-Operating System Code-B022315(022)

Time Allowed: 2 hrs

Max Marks: 40

Note: - All questions from PART I and PART 2. Each question of PART I carries 2 Marks and 8 marks for PART 2.

| Q.N.  | Questions  | Marks      | Levels of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
|---|--|------------|----------------------------|-----|-------------|--------------|------------|----|---|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| <b>PART I</b>   |  |            |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| A.  | What do you mean by operating system?  | [2]        | Understanding              | CO1 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| B.  | What is kernel mode and user mode?   | [2]        | Understanding              | CO1 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| C.  | What is System Call? Explain with suitable example.  | [2]        | Analysis                   | CO1 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| D.  | What is Process Control Block?   | [2]        | Understanding              | CO2 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| <b>PART II</b>  |  |            |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| A.  | List 5 different services provided by operating system and explain why OS is called as resource manager?   | [8]        | Analysis                   | CO1 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| B.  | What is need of process swapping? Explain the process life cycle with proper state transitions.<br>Consider following four process with the process arrival time and burst time in millisecond.  | [8]        | Analysis                   | CO2 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Process No.</th> <th>Arrival Time</th> <th>Burst Time</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P1</td> <td>0</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P2</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P3</td> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P4</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> |  |            |                            |     | Process No. | Arrival Time | Burst Time | P1 | 0 | 5 | P2 | 1 | 2 | P3 | 2 | 6 | P4 | 3 | 4 |
| Process No.   | Arrival Time   | Burst Time |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| P1  | 0  | 5          |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| P2  | 1  | 2          |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| P3  | 2  | 6          |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| P4  | 3  | 4          |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| C.  | i) Obtain a Gantt chart using Shortest Job First (SJF) non-preemptive scheduling and compute average waiting time.<br>ii) Obtain a Gantt chart using Round Robin (RR) preemptive scheduling and compute average turn around time waiting time. | [8]        | Applying                   | CO2 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| D.  | What is race condition? Explain the critical-section problem.  | [8]        | Understanding              | CO3 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |



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Sem- CSE 3<sup>rd</sup> [B] Subject-Operating System Code-B022315(022)

Time Allowed: 2 hrs

Max Marks: 40

Note: - All questions from PART I and PART 2. Each question of PART I carries 2 Marks and 8 marks for PART 2.

| Q.N.  | Questions  | Marks      | Levels of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
|---|--|------------|----------------------------|-----|-------------|--------------|------------|----|---|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| <b>PART I</b>   |  |            |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| A.  | What do you mean by operating system?  | [2]        | Understanding              | CO1 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| B.  | What is kernel mode and user mode?   | [2]        | Understanding              | CO1 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| C.  | What is System Call? Explain with suitable example.  | [2]        | Analysis                   | CO1 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| D.  | What is Process Control Block?   | [2]        | Understanding              | CO2 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| <b>PART II</b>  |  |            |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| A.  | List 5 different services provided by operating system and explain why OS is called as resource manager?   | [8]        | Analysis                   | CO1 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| B.  | What is need of process swapping? Explain the process life cycle with proper state transitions.<br>Consider following four process with the process arrival time and burst time in millisecond.  | [8]        | Analysis                   | CO2 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
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| Process No.   | Arrival Time   | Burst Time |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| P1  | 0  | 5          |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| P2  | 1  | 2          |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| P3  | 2  | 6          |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| P4  | 3  | 4          |                            |     |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| C.  | i) Obtain a Gantt chart using Shortest Job First (SJF) non-preemptive scheduling and compute average waiting time.<br>ii) Obtain a Gantt chart using Round Robin (RR) preemptive scheduling and compute average turn around time waiting time. | [8]        | Applying                   | CO2 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |
| D.  | What is race condition? Explain the critical-section problem.  | [8]        | Understanding              | CO3 |             |              |            |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |    |   |   |



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**Department of Computer Science & Engineering**

Class Test - I Session - July - Dec, 2021 Month - November

Sem - CSE 3<sup>rd</sup> [A & C] Subject-Name- Operating System Subject-Code- B022315(022)

Time Allowed: 2 hrs Max Marks: 40

*Note: - All Questions are compulsory.*

| Q.N.  | Questions  | Marks        | Levels of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
|---|--|--------------|----------------------------|-----|---------|------------|--------------|----------|----|---|---|----|----|---|---|----|----|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|
| <b>Section - A</b>  |  |              |                            |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 1.  | How Buffering can improve the performance of a Computer system?  | [2]          | Understanding              | CO1 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 2.  | Explain about the dual mode operation in OS with a neat block diagram.   | [2]          | Understanding              | CO1 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 3.  | Enumerate the different operating system structures and explain with a neat sketch.  | [8]          | Understanding              | CO1 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 4.  | Show how communication takes place through a Message Passing System.   | [8]          | Understanding              | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| <b>Section - B</b>  |  |              |                            |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 5.  | Define Race Condition with example.  | [2]          | Understanding              | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 6.  | What is a Critical Section also explain the solution to Critical Section problem.  | [2]          | Understanding              | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 7.  | a. Draw process state diagram. Explain each transition among them in detail.<br>b. What is PCB? Discuss its major fields.  | [8]          | Understanding              | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| Consider a system with a set of processes P1, P2, P3, P4 and their CPU Burst time, Priorities and arrival times being mentioned as below-   |  |              |                            |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
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| PROCESS   | BURST TIME   | ARRIVAL TIME | PRIORITY                   |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| P1  | 4  | 0            | 4H                         |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| P2  | 3  | 1            | 1L                         |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| P3  | 2  | 3            | 3                          |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| P4  | 2  | 4            | 2                          |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 8.  | Calculate Average Waiting Time, Average Turn Around Time, and Response Time using SJF, SRTF and Priority (Pre-emptive and Non-Preemptive) scheduling algorithms. | [8]          | Applying                   | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |



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Class Test - I Session - July - Dec, 2021 Month - November

Sem - CSE 3<sup>rd</sup> [A & C] Subject-Name- Operating System Subject-Code- B022315(022)

Time Allowed: 2 hrs Max Marks: 40

*Note: - All Questions are compulsory.*

| Q.N.  | Questions  | Marks        | Levels of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
|---|--|--------------|----------------------------|-----|---------|------------|--------------|----------|----|---|---|----|----|---|---|----|----|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|
| <b>Section - A</b>  |  |              |                            |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 1.  | How Buffering can improve the performance of a Computer system?  | [2]          | Understanding              | CO1 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 2.  | Explain about the dual mode operation in OS with a neat block diagram.   | [2]          | Understanding              | CO1 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
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| 4.  | Show how communication takes place through a Message Passing System.   | [8]          | Understanding              | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| <b>Section - B</b>  |  |              |                            |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 5.  | Define Race Condition with example.  | [2]          | Understanding              | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 6.  | What is a Critical Section also explain the solution to Critical Section problem.  | [2]          | Understanding              | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 7.  | a. Draw process state diagram. Explain each transition among them in detail.<br>b. What is PCB? Discuss its major fields.  | [8]          | Understanding              | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| Consider a system with a set of processes P1, P2, P3, P4 and their CPU Burst time, Priorities and arrival times being mentioned as below-   |  |              |                            |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>PROCESS</th> <th>BURST TIME</th> <th>ARRIVAL TIME</th> <th>PRIORITY</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P1</td> <td>4</td> <td>0</td> <td>4H</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P2</td> <td>3</td> <td>1</td> <td>1L</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P3</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P4</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> |  |              |                            |     | PROCESS | BURST TIME | ARRIVAL TIME | PRIORITY | P1 | 4 | 0 | 4H | P2 | 3 | 1 | 1L | P3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | P4 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| PROCESS   | BURST TIME   | ARRIVAL TIME | PRIORITY                   |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| P1  | 4  | 0            | 4H                         |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| P2  | 3  | 1            | 1L                         |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| P3  | 2  | 3            | 3                          |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| P4  | 2  | 4            | 2                          |     |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
| 8.  | Calculate Average Waiting Time, Average Turn Around Time, and Response Time using SJF, SRTF and Priority (Pre-emptive and Non-Preemptive) scheduling algorithms. | [8]          | Applying                   | CO2 |         |            |              |          |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering

Class Test - I Session- July-Dec, 2021 Month- November

Sem- CSE 3<sup>rd</sup> [A, B & C] Subject- Digital Electronics & Logic Design Code- B022314(022)

Max Marks: 40

Time Allowed: 2 hrs

Note: - Solved Two Que. From each part. Each que Carries Equal Marks.

| Q.N.           | Questions  | Marks | Levels of Bloom's taxonomy | COs |
|----------------|--|-------|----------------------------|-----|
| <b>PART I</b>  |  |       |                            |     |
| Q1             | Design a 2 bit Comparator using Logic gates.   | [10]  | Understand & Applying      | CO2 |
| Q2             | Design a Full-subtractor using two half-subtractors & an OR gate   | [10]  | Understand & Applying      | CO3 |
| Q3             | Design a BCD to Excess-3 Code converter.   | [10]  | Understand & Applying      | CO2 |
| <b>PART II</b> |  |       |                            |     |
| Q1             | Reduce the following equation using Quine McCluskey method of minimization<br>$F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 14, 15) + \sum d(4, 8, 11)$ | [10]  | Understand & Applying      | CO1 |
| Q2             | 'NAND' & 'NOR' gates are called universed gates. Justify   | [10]  | Understand & Applying      | CO2 |
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